Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 97253

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2015/JANUARY 2016.

Second Semester

Civil Engineering

PH 6251 — ENGINEERING PHYSICS – II

(Common to all branches except Biotechnology and Pharmaceutical Technology)

(Regulation 2013)

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. The Fermi energy of copper is 7.0 eV. Find the Fermi velocity of the electrons.
- 2. The conduction electron density in aluminum is 18.1×10^{28} electrons/m³. Calculate the Fermi energy of aluminum.
- 3. How many pentavalent atoms per cm³ has to be added to an intrinsic silicon semiconductor to produce a n-type semiconductor with electrical conductivity of $5\Omega^{-1}cm^{-1}$ at room temperature. (Assume that all the donor atoms are ionized at room temperature).
- 4. What is a Hall probe? How it is used to measure magnetic flux density?
- 5. What is hysteresis?

Time : Three hours

- 6. Give the differences between conventional superconductors and high temperature superconductors.
- 7. What are ferroelectric materials?
- 8. Define dielectric loss.
- 9. Define the term birefringence.
- 10. What is shape-memory effect?

PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Discuss Drude-Lorentz theory of metals. Derive an expression for electrical and thermal conductivity of metals and hence prove Wiedemann-Franz law. (2+12+2)

- (b) Derive an expression for density of energy states, hence deduce an expression for conduction electron density in metals. (12+4)
- 12. (a) Derive an expression for Fermi energy level for an intrinsic semiconductor and show that it lies in the middle of the band gap at T = 0 K. Discuss how the Fermi level changes with temperature. (12 + 4)

Or

- (b) Derive an expression for concentration of holes in a p-type semiconductor. Discuss how a p-type semiconductor behaves at various temperature with a graph. (12+4)
- 13. (a) Explain the origin of magnetism in materials and the classification of dia, para, ferro, antiferro and ferri magnetic materials with suitable examples. (16)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain Transition temperature, Meissner effect, critical magnetic field and Isotope effect in superconductors. (12)
 - (ii) Explain any two applications of superconductors (4)
- 14. (a) (i) Derive an expression for electronic and ionic polarization. (12)
 - (ii) Explain the use of dielectric material in transformers and capacitors. (4)

Or

- (b) (i) What is dielectric breakdown? Explain the different mechanism by which a dielectric material losses its insulating property. (12)
 - (ii) How does a dielectric material behaves in a A.C field of different frequency. (4)
- 15. (a) What are metallic glasses? Discuss the method of preparing metallic glasses, the characteristic properties exhibited by them and their applications. (16)

Or

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(b) What are biomaterials? Discuss the classification of biomaterials and their uses in the field of medicine with suitable examples. (16)

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